名前 _____ 日付 ____／____

QUESTION

Read the article below and summarize it in your own words as far as possible in English. Summarize it between 90 and 110 words.

以下の記事を読み、できる限り自分の言葉を使って英語で要約しなさい。90〜110語で要約しなさい。

READING

In many parts of the world, growing populations and repeated droughts are putting increasing pressure on freshwater supplies. Rivers, lakes, and underground sources have traditionally provided most of the water used by households, farms, and businesses. In some regions, however, these sources can no longer meet demand throughout the year. As supplies become less reliable, competition for limited water intensifies among different users. During prolonged dry periods, authorities may have to decide whether scarce resources should be directed toward homes, agriculture, or industry, making water management an increasingly difficult issue for governments and local communities alike.

Persistent shortages can have serious social and economic consequences. Households may face restrictions on everyday water use, while farmers may be forced to reduce irrigation and cultivate fewer crops. Lower agricultural output can weaken rural economies and make food supplies less stable, particularly in areas that depend heavily on local production. Businesses can also be affected when insufficient water limits industrial activity. If shortages continue for long periods, communities may lose income and employment, while consumers elsewhere may face higher food prices as production declines in important farming regions.

To obtain an additional source of fresh water, some governments are investing in desalination plants, which remove salt from seawater and make it suitable for human use. Because oceans provide an abundant source, desalination can help coastal regions reduce their dependence on rainfall and inland water reserves. However, the process has significant drawbacks. Producing fresh water this way requires large amounts of energy, which can make it costly, especially where electricity prices are high. Desalination also leaves behind highly concentrated salt water that must be disposed of. When this waste is released into the sea, it can change local water conditions and potentially damage marine organisms and coastal ecosystems.

要約は2ページ目に書きます。記事の和訳は載せていません（読む練習のため）。答え合わせはQRから。

スマホで読み取ると、書いた英文をその場でAIが添削します。

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名前 ＿＿＿＿＿＿＿＿＿＿＿＿　日付 ＿＿＿＿／＿＿＿＿

1ページ目の記事を、90〜110語の英語で要約します。記事の言葉をそのまま写さず、自分の言葉で言い換えましょう。

解答欄

枠の中に書いてください

目安 90〜110語（1行に8〜9語ほど）

メモ（要点を3つ書き出してから、まとめます）

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